

City, Field, and Production in Modern Civilization: Examining Socio-Economic and Spatial Dynamics

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Abstract

The research aims to analyse the historical evolution and interconnection of three critical blocks of economic and cultural life: city, field, and production. The focus of the study is to understand the shifts and transformations of these blocks and their impact on human civilization and the economy over time. The study will provide a historical overview of the transition from the dominant "field" to the dominant "city," driven by various factors such as technological development, scientific-cultural progress, and specific policies.

The research will also examine the socio-economic and psychological problems associated with the decline of the role of the "field" and the growth of the role of the "city." This includes analysing the consolidation of agro-industrial farms, the phenomenon of often low profitability to the extent of "unprofitability" of farms in developed countries, and their dependence on government subsidies. Additionally, the work will explore the global logistics system and its impact on social and cultural values in the balance between the "city-production-field" components.

The research argues that the modern world order and its dynamics were established during the Enlightenment era, primarily in Adam Smith's book "The Wealth of Nations." The study critiques the current system and its dangerous unidirectionality and provides reflections on its further development, potential problems, and possible alternative ways of socio-economic development based on ideology and policy that aims to reduce the growth of the "city" and increase the role of the "field."

Research outline

I. Introduction

A. Background

1. Overview of the three critical blocks of economic and cultural life: city, field, and production.
2. Importance of understanding the shifts and transformations of these blocks.

B. Research Objective

1. To analyse the historical evolution and interconnection of city, field, and production.
2. To understand the impact of these shifts and transformations on human civilization and economy.

C. Research Questions

1. What was the transition from the dominant "field" to the dominant "city" driven by?
2. What were the socio-economic and psychological problems associated with the decline of the role of the "field" and the growth of the role of the "city"?
3. How did the global logistics system impact social and cultural values?
4. What were the ideological foundations of the modern world order?

II. Literature Review

A. Overview of the historical transition from the dominant "field" to the dominant "city."

B. Analysis of the socio-economic and psychological problems associated with the decline of the role of the "field."

C. Discussion of the impact of the global logistics system on social and cultural values.

D. Examination of the ideological foundations of the modern world order in Adam Smith's "The Wealth of Nations."

III. Methodology

A. Research Design

B. Data Collection

C. Data Analysis

IV. Results

A. Overview of the historical transition from the dominant "field" to the dominant "city."

B. Analysis of the socio-economic and psychological problems associated with the decline of the role of the "field."

C. Discussion of the impact of the global logistics system on social and cultural values.

D. Examination of the ideological foundations of the modern world order in Adam Smith's "The Wealth of Nations."

V. Discussion

- A. Interpretation of the results
- B. Comparison with the literature review
- C. Implications for further research

VI. Conclusion

- A. Summary of the main findings
- B. Implications for policy and practice
- C. Reflections on the future development of the socio-economic system
- D. Final recommendations.